BLANDING CITY
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2006

CONTENTS

	Page
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	3
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS	18
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	19
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
BALANCE SHEET	20
BALANCE SHEET RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS	21
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	22
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	23
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND	24
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND	25
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND	26
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	27
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED):	
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES:	
GENERAL FUND	49
NOTE A - BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE BUDGET-TO-GAAP RECONCILIATION	54
COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES:	
NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS	53
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET	54
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS	55
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	56
REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	58
AUDITOR'S REPORT ON STATE LEGAL COMPLIANCE	60

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Richfield, Utah 84701
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council Blanding City Blanding, Utah 84511

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Blanding City as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Blanding City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Blanding City as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 16, 2006, on our consideration of Blanding City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 16 and 49 through 51 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

KIMBALL & ROBERTS, P. C Certified Public Accountants

August 16, 2006 Richfield, Utah

(This page contains no information and is used to assist in formatting, for easier reading)

This discussion of Blanding City's financial performance provided an overview of the City's financial activities for the year ending June 30, 2006. This report is in conjunction with the City's financial statements.

The purpose of the City is to provide general services to its residents which includes general government, public safety, highways and public improvements, parks and recreation, and airport.

Financial Highlights

- * The assets of Blanding City exceeded its liabilities as of the close of the most recent year by \$25,942,977 (net assets). Of this amount, \$3,275,271 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- * The government's total net assets increased by \$686,425. The revenues were less than the adopted budgeted amounts, and expenditures were less than the adopted budgeted amounts in the general fund.
- * At the close of the current year, the City's governmental fund reported ending fund balance of \$1,935,706, an increase of \$337,175 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 40 percent of this total amount, \$760,706, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unreserved fund balance).
- * At the end of the current year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$760,706 or 48 percent of total general fund expenditures.
- * Blanding City's total debt decreased by \$312,825 during the current year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Blanding City's basic financial statements. Blanding City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Blanding City's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The *statement of net assets* presents information on all of Blanding City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Blanding City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Blanding City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The governmental activities of Blanding City include general government, public safety, highways and public improvements, parks and recreation, and airport. The business-type activities of Blanding City are water, sewer, electric, natural gas and solid waste operations and the EDA arts and conference center.

Refer to the table of contents for the location of the government-wide financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Blanding City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Blanding City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and enterprise funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statement, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balance of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditure, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Blanding City maintains one individual governmental fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund which is always considered to be a major fund.

Blanding City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Refer to the table of contents for the location of the basic governmental fund financial statements.

Proprietary Funds

Blanding City maintains six types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. A combining statement for these funds is shown elsewhere in this report.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water, sewer, electric, and natural gas, which are all considered to be major funds of Blanding City, and two nonmajor funds, solid waste and the EDA arts and conference center.

Refer to the table of contents for the location of the basic proprietary fund financial statements.

Notes To The Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes are part of the basic financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required* supplementary information concerning Blanding City.

The combining statement referred to earlier in connection with the four major and one nonmajor enterprise funds is presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

Government-Wide Financiai Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Blanding City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$25,942,977 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. By far the largest portion of Blanding City's net assets (82 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, equipment and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Blanding City's Net Assets

		nmental vities		ss-Type vities	То	tal
			2006	2005	2006	2005
. * -	2006	2005	2000	2005		
Current and Other Assets	1,108,255	2,001,715	3,101,812	2,633,362	4,210,067	4,635,077
Capital Assets	9,003,999	8,093,922	18,785,092	19,047,084	27,789,091	27,141,006
Total Assets	10,112,254	10,095,637	21,886,904	21,680,446	31,999,158	31,776,083
				= =04 0 00	5 000 000	E E00 000
Long-Term Liabilities	-	77,238	5,200,062	5,521 ,8 22	5,200,062	5,599,060
Other Liabilities	424,787	475,489	431,332	<u>522,220</u>	<u>856,119</u>	997,709
Total Liabilities	424 ,7 87	552,727	5,631, 39 4	6,044,042_	6,056,181	6,596,769
Net Assets:						
Invested in Capital Assets						
Net of Related Debt	7,828,999	8,093,922	13,327,789	13,250,071	21,156,788	21,343,993
Restricted	1,175,000	1,150,000	335,918	332,868	1,510,918	1 ,48 2,868
Unrestricted	683,468	376,226	2,591,803	2,053,465	3,275,271	2,429,691
Total Net Assets	9,687,467	9,620,148	16,255,510	15,63 6,4 04	25,942,977	25,256,552

A portion of Blanding City's net assets (6 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets (\$3,275,271) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the year, Blanding City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior year.

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased Blanding City's net assets by \$67,319.

BLANDING CITY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

For The Year Ended June 30, 2006

Blanding City's Changes in Net Assets

		nmental vities		ess-Type ivities	Tc	otals
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
Revenues:					2000	
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	437,937	460,892	3,926,535	3,570,285	4,364,472	4,031,177
Operating Grants	215,810	119,794	-	-	215,810	119,794
Capital Grants	421,297	1,331,751	311,808	78 7,06 6	733,105	2,118,817
General Revenues:			•	,	, 55,,155	_,,
Property Taxes	192,691	227,067	· ·	-	192,691	227,067
Other Taxes	527,604	419,881	-	_	527,604	419,881
Unrestricted Investment					,	
Earnings	108,470	54,498	68,528	31,511	176,998	86,009
Total Revenues	1,903,809	2,613,883	4,306,871	4,388,862	6,210,680	7,002,745
Expenses:						
General Government	334,231	288,002	_	•	334,231	288,002
Public Safety	584,591	664,339	-	-	584,591	664,339
Highways and Public		·			,	001,000
Imp rovements	381,368	221,257	-	_	381,368	221,257
Parks and Recreation	394,683	200,347	-	·	394,683	200,347
Airport	141,617	123,906	_	· _	141,617	123,906
Water	_	- -	582,044	515 ,83 6	582,044	515,836
Sewer	-	-	230,467	252,019	230,467	252,019
Electric	-	-	1,605,307	1,672,742	1,605,307	1,672,742
Natural Gas	-	-	920,392	892,201	920,392	892,201
Solid Waste	-	-	134,825	126,830	134,825	126,830
Interest		<u>-</u>	214,730	-	214,730	
Total Expenses	1,836,490	1,497,851	3,687,765	3,459,628	<u>5,524,255</u>	4,957,479
Increase in Net Assets						
Before Transfers	67,319	1,116,032	619,106	929,234	686,425	2,045,266
Transfers	-					
Increase in Net Assets	67,319	1,116,032	619,106	929,234	686,425	2,045,266
Net Assets - Beginning	9,620,148	8,504,116	15,636,404	14,707,170	25,256,552	23,211,286
Net Assets - Ending	9,687,467	9,620,148	16,255,510	15,636,404	25,942,977	2 5, 2 56,552

* The City received capital grants from the State, Federal and local governments of \$733,105 to assist in the purchase of equipment and construction costs for projects for airports, parks, roads, and infrastructure.

For the most part, increases in expenses closely paralleled inflation and growth in the demand for services.

Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities increased Blanding City's net assets by \$619,106 accounting for 90 percent of the total increase in the government's net assets. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- * The total increase in the business-type activities can be attributed to capital grants of \$311,808.
- * UAMPS sale of air quality credits of \$98,129.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, Blanding City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of Blanding City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular *unreserved fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

At the end of the year, Blanding City's governmental fund reported an ending fund balance of \$1,935,706, an increase of \$337,175 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 39 percent of this amount, (\$760,706) constitutes *unreserved fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is *reserved* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to highways and public improvements for \$1,175,000. The only governmental fund is the General Fund, which is the chief operating fund of Blanding City.

Proprietary Funds

Blanding City's proprietary funds provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements but in more detail.

Proprietary Funds -Continued.

Unrestricted net assets of the water, sewer, electric, natural gas, solid waste and EDA at the end of the year were \$2,591,803. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds has already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were no differences between the original and final budget for the General Fund. Budgeted amounts of \$2,134,398 are as follows:

- \$315,252 in general government.
- * \$584,007 in public safety.
- * \$710,709 in highways and public improvements.
- * \$388,260 in parks and recreation.
- * \$136,170 in airport.

No amounts were funded out of prior year unreserved fund balance. During the year, however, actual revenues were less than budgeted revenues by \$230,588 and actual expenditures were less than budgeted expenditures by \$567,763 resulting in a net increase in fund balance of \$337,175. The difference in projected revenues and expenses is largely due to the timing difference in projects being completed, including grant money being received and the actual expenditures for the projects.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

Blanding City's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2006, was \$7,828,999 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, equipment and infrastructure, which includes roads, highways, sidewalks, curb and gutter.

The total increase in Blanding City's investment in capital assets for the current year was \$419,603. Major capital asset events during the current year included the following:

- * Airport Improvements-\$100,750
- * Laptops-\$20,883
- * Radar Guns-\$6,000
- * Ford Explorer-\$21,532
- * Utility Systems-\$270,438

Capital Assets (Continued)

Bianding City's Capital Assets

(net of depreciation)

		rnmental tivities		ss-Type vities	То	tals
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
Land	806,779	806,779	536,049	53 6,0 49	1,342,828	1,342,828
Water Rights	-	•	1,657,305	1,65 7,3 05	1,657,305	1,657,305
Infrastructure	2,552,868	2,665,274	s. 1		2,552,868	2,665,274
Buildings	304,976	323,072	1,471,706	1,479,470	1,7 76, 682	1,802,542
Improvements Other than Buildings	3,846,190	3,914,326	14,912,190	15,149,242	18,758,380	19,063,568
Vehicles & Equipment	318,186	384,471	207,842	225,018	526,028	609,489
Total	7,828,999	8,093,922	18,785,092	19,047,084	26,614,091	27,141,006

Additional information on Blanding City's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long -Term Debt

At the end of the current year, Blanding City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$5,457,303. The debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e. revenue bonds) and general obligation bonds.

Blanding City's Long-Term Debt

and the second s		rnmental tivities	Busines: Activi	• •	Tota	als
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	20 05
Revenue Bonds	<u>.</u>	_	4,493,303	4,623,271	4 ,49 3,30 3	4,623,271
General Obligation Bonds	• • •		964,000	1,044,000	964,000	1,044,000
Total	· •	, *** , =	5,457,303	5,667,271	5,457,303	5,667,271

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 8 percent of its total fair market value of taxable property in the City. The maximum general obligation debt allowed is approximately \$8,100,000. The present general obligation debt outstanding is \$964,000.

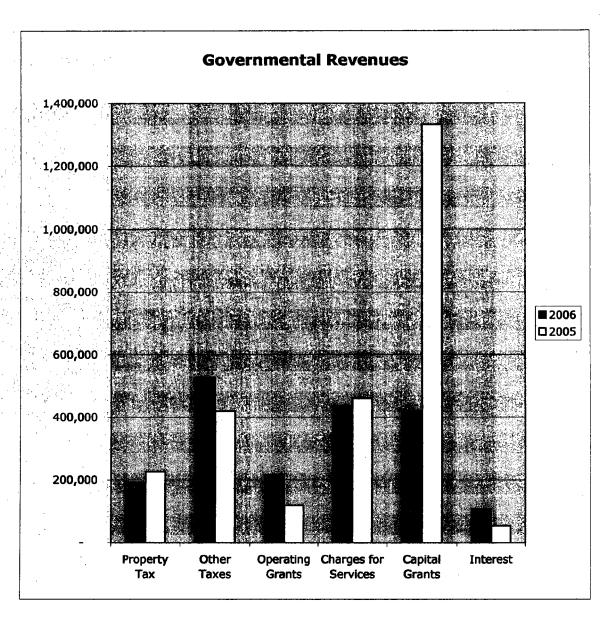
Additional information on Blanding City's long-term debt can be found in the notes of the financial statements.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Blanding City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Blanding City Manager, 50 West 100 South, Blanding, Utah, 84511.

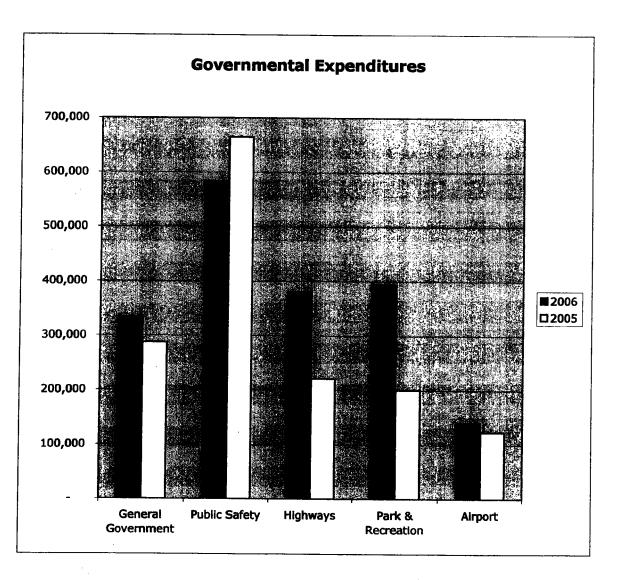
Blanding City Governmental Revenues For The Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2006 and 2005

	2006	2005
Property Tax	192,691	227,067
Other Taxes	527,604	419,881
Operating Grants	215,810	119,794
Charges for Services	437,937	460,892
Capital Grants	421,297	1,331,751
Interest	108,470	54,498
Total Revenues	1,903,809	2,613,883



Blanding City
Governmental Expenditures
For The Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2006 and 2005

_	2006	2005
General Government	334,231	288,002
Public Safety	584,591	664,339
Highways	381,368	221,257
Park & Recreation	394,683	200,347
Airport	141,617	123,906
Total Expenditures	1,836,490	1,497,851

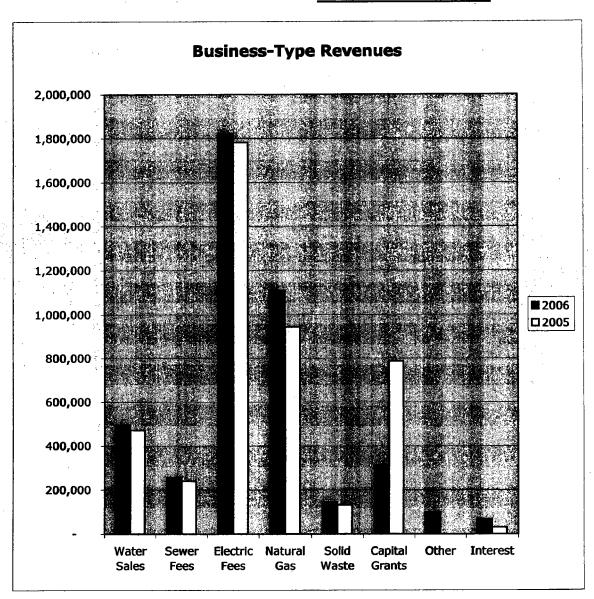


Blanding City
Business-Type Revenues
For The Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2006 and 2005

	2006	2005
Water Sales	495,892	471,137
Sewer Fees	256,895	240,120
Electric Fees	1,821,763	1,782,029
Natural Gas	1,107,887	9 43,9 44
Solid Waste	145,969	133,055
Capital Grants	311,808	7 87,066
Other	98,129	-
Interest	68,528	31,511

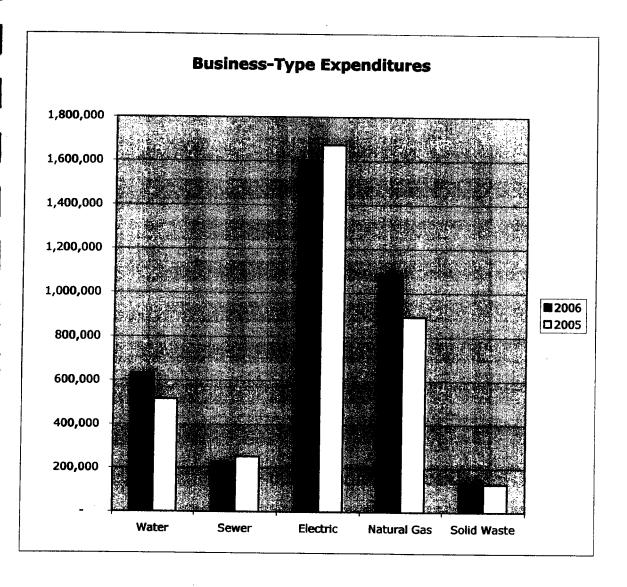
Total Revenues

4,306,871 4,388,862



Blanding City
Business Type Expenditures
For The Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2006 and 2005

	2006	2005
Water	633,580	515,836
Sewer	230,467	252,019
Electric	1,605,307	1,672,742
Natural Gas	1,083,586	892,201
Solid Waste	134,825	126,830
Total Expenditures	3,687,765	3,459,628



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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BLANDING CITY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2006

		Primary Government	
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current Assets:	1,001,037	2,4 45,5 95	3,446,632
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable (Net)	5,665	271,563	277,228
Due From Other Government Units	101,553	-	101,553
Notes Receivable - Due Within One Year	-	2,500	2,500
Total Current Assets	<u>1,108,255</u>	<u>2,719,658</u>	3,827,913
Noncurrent Assets:			
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,175,000	335,918	1,510,918
Notes Receivable - More Than One Year	•	27,500	27,500
Bond Issuance Costs (Net)	•	18 ,736	18,736
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation):			
Land	806,779	5 36, 049	1,342,828
Water Rights	•	1,657,305	1,657,305
Buildings	304,976	1,471,706	1,776,682
Improvements Other Than Buildings	3,846,190	-	3,846,190
Utility Systems	. •	14,912,190	14,9 12, 190 5,463
Furniture and Fixtures	- 010 106	5,463 1 41, 887	4 60 ,073
Equipment	318,186	60,492	60,492
Autos and Trucks Infrastructure	2,5 52,8 68	-	2,552,868
Total Noncurrent Assets	9,003,999	19,167,246	28,171,245
TOTAL ASSETS	10,112,254	21,886,904	31,999,158
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	327,288	•	327,288
Accrued Liabilities	20,261	-	20,261
Deposits Payable	•	78,588	78,588
Bond Interest Payable	•	28,351	28,351
Loans Payable - Due Within One Year	-	5,143	5,143 83,000
General Obligation Bonds - Due Within One Year	•	83, 000 236,25 0	2 36, 250
Revenue Bonds Payable - Due Within One Year	-		
Total Current Liabilities	347,549	431,332	778,881
Noncurrent Liabilities:			00.574
Loans Payable - More Than One Year	· -	92,571	92,571
General Obligation Bonds - More Than One Year	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	881,000	881,000
Revenue Bonds Payable - More Than One Year	77.000	4,1 59 ,339	4, 159,33 9 144,390
Compensated Absences	77,238	67,152	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	77,238	5,200,062	5,277,300
TOTAL LIABILITIES	424,787	5,631,394	6,056,181
NET ASSETS	7,828,999	13 ,327 ,789	21, 156 ,788
Investment in Capital Assets, Net of Debt Restricted For:	7,020,999		
Bond Retirement	•	335,918	335,918
Road Trust Account	1,175,000	<u>-</u>	1,175,000
Unrestricted	683,468	2,591,803	3,275,271
TOTAL NET ASSETS	9, 687, 467	16,255,510	25,942,977
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	10,112,254	21,886,904	31,999,158
			

BLANDING CITY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Function/Programs Primary Government: Governmental Activities: General Government Public Safety	Expenses 334,231 584,591	Charges for Services 330,375	Program Revenues Operating Grants/ Contributions 89,356 3,904	Coni	and (and the state of the state	and Changes in Net Assets Primary Government Ital Business-Type Activities O	
Improvements	381,368 394,683 141,617	74,005	122,550	128,340 205,768 87,189	(130,478) (114,910) (20,871)	- - (214,730)	(130,478) (114,910) (20,871) (214,730)
Total Governmental Activities	1,836,490	437,937	215,810	421,297	(761,446)	(214,730)	(976,176)
Business-Type Activities: Water	582,044	489,892		90,000	• •	(2,152)	(2,152)
	1,605,307	1,821,763		52,805		269,261	269,261
	920,392 134,825	1,107,887 145,969				187,495	187,495 11,144
Total Business-Type Activities	3,473,035	3,819,406	1	311,808		628,179	628,179
Total Primary Government	5,309,525	4,257,343	215,810	733,105	(761,446)	443,449	(317,997)
	General Revenu Property Taxe Fee-In-Lieu of	neral Revenues: Property Taxes Fee-In-Lieu of Property Taxes	Ø		192,691		192,691 38,707
	Sales Taxes		:		452,499		452,499
	Franchise Taxes	ixes	٠.		17,388		17,388
	Sale of Air Q	Sale of Air Quality Credits			* i * i	98, 129	98,129
	Unrestricted	Unrestricted Investment Earnings	iings		108,470	68,528	176,998
	Total G	Total General Revenues and Transfers	s and Transfers		828,765	175,657	1,004,422
	Change i	in Net Assets			67,319	619,106	686,425
	Net Assets - Beginning	ginning			9,620,148	15,636,404	25,256,552
	Net Assets - Ending	ıding			9,687,467	16,255,510	25,942,977

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BLANDING CITY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	er in the second of the second	General Fund
ASSETS	•	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	to pot	2,176,037
Accounts Receivable (Net)	$\sigma = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{\mathcal{F}}{\mathcal{F}}$	5,6 65
Due From Other Government Units		101,553
TOTAL ASSETS		2,283,255
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANC	ES	
Liabilities:		327,288
Accounts Payable		20,261
Accrued Liabilities		
Total Liabilities		347,549
Fund Balances:		
Reserved For:		
Road Trust Fund		1,175,000
Unreserved, Reported In:		
General Fund		<u>760,706</u>
Total Fund Balance		1,935,706
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND F	UND BALANCE	2,283,255

BLANDING CITY BALANCE SHEET RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2006

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Fund Types

1,935,706

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Land	806,779
Buildings	304,976
Improvements	3,846,190
Equipment	318,186
Infrastructure	2,552,868

Total 7,828,999

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:

Compensated Absences (77,238)

Net Assets of Government Activities 9,687,467

BLANDING CITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	er e	General Fun d
Revenues:		
Taxes	with the second	720,29 5
Licenses and Permits	Maritime Committee	26,7 78
Intergovernmental Revenue		56 2,31 7
Charges for Services	A Committee of the Comm	171,557
Fines and Forfeitures		63,705
Interest	$\sqrt{g^{-d/2}} = 1$	108,470
Miscellaneous Revenues	transfer to	250,688
Total Revenues	$(x,y) \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$	1,903,810
Expenditures: Current:		
General Government		313,322
Public Safety		50 9,2 87
Highways and Public Impro	vements	261,761
Parks and Recreation		3 48,7 50
Airport		5,88 3
Capital Outlay	the second	127,632
Total Expenditures		1,566,635
Net Change In Fund Bala	ance	337,175
Fund Balance - Beginning	188 - 188 h	1,598,531
Fund Balance - Ending		1,935,706

BLANDING CITY

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	a e	
Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		337,175
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period:		
Capital Outlays Depreciation Expense	127,632 (3 92 ,555)	(004.000)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		(264,923)
Compensated Absences		(4,933)
Changes In Net Assets of Governmental Activities		67,319

BLANDING CITY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2006

ASSETS: Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Receivable Current Assets: Cash and Receivable Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash Cash Equivalents Cash Cash Equivalents Cash Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash			Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Electri c Fund	Natural Gas Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Cash and Cash Equivalents		ASSETS:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents			•			4		
Accounts Receivable			766,007	435,717	1,136,055	-	107,816	2,445,595
Note Receivable 2,500 843,589 - 843,589 - 843,589 - 843,589 - 843,589	٠,					37,7 47	11,459	271,563
Total Current Assets					•	-	•	2,500
Noncurrent Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted: Bond Reserves 98,880					843,589		<u> </u>	843,589
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted: Bond Reserves Bond Issuance Cost (Net of Amort.) Notes Receivable Capital Assets: (Net of Accum. Depr.) Land Water Rights 1,657,305 Buildings Buildings Buildings S4,649 Machinery and Equipment Automobiles and Trucks 2,860 Total Noncurrent Assets 10,440,330 2,081,287 Bouts Payable Due To Other Funds Accrued Interest Payable Due To Other Payable - Due Within One Year Bonds Payable - Du		Total Current Assets	834,258	455,979	2,115,988	37,747	119,275	3,563,247
Bond Reserves 88,880 237,038 335,91								
Bond Issuance Cost (Net of Amort.) Notes Receivable 27,500						237 038	_	335 918
Notes Receivable			90,000	•				
Capital Assets: (Net of Accum. Depr.) Land Uater Rights 1,657,305 Bulldings 1,657,305 Bulldings 1,657,305 Bulldings 1,657,305 Bulldings 1,828,738 Bulldings 1,471 Burniture and Fixtures 63 30 5,370 5,44 Machinery and Equipment 9,812 126,847 3,758 1,470 141,89 Automobiles and Trucks 2,860 Total Noncurrent Assets 10,440,330 2,081,287 B32,371 B33,3815 B32,371 B33,3815 B33,37,372 B33,3815 B33,37,372 B32,371 B33,3815 B33,37,372 B32,371 B33,3815 B33,37,372 B33,3815 B33,37,372 B33,3815 B33,372 B32,371 B33,3815 B33,37,372 B33,3815 B33,37,372 B33,3815 B33,37,373 B33,3815 B33,37,373 B32,371 B33,3815 B33,37,373 B33,37,373 B33,37,373 B33,37,373 B33,37,373 B33,37,373 B33,37,373 B33,37,373 B32,371 B32,37			07.500	•	•	10,730	-	
Land Water Rights 1,657,305 - 1,657,315 Bulidings 34,649 45,950 59,292 1,331,815 1,471,71 Improvements Other Than Bulidings 8,357,567 1,828,738 501,686 4,224,199 14,912,171,71 Improvements Other Than Bulidings 63 30 5,370 1,657,31 501,686 4,224,199 14,912,171,71 Improvements Other Than Bulidings 63 30 5,370 1,657,31 Automobiles and Trucks 2,860 59,842 126,847 3,758 1,470 141,181 Automobiles and Trucks 2,860 57,632 60,4			27,500	•	•	-	-	27,500
Water Rights 1,657,305 34,649 45,950 59,292 1,331,815 1,471,71			221.221					500.040
Buildings				79,722	204,633	•	-	
Improvements Other Than Buildings Furniture and Fixtures 63 30 5,370 5,44						-	4 004 045	
Furniture and Fixtures 63 30 5.370 - 5.44 Machinery and Equipment 9,812 126,847 3,758 1,470 141,81 Automobiles and Trucks 2,860 - 57,632 - 60,44	٠,			•			1,331,815	
Machinery and Equipment Automobiles and Trucks 9,812 2,860 126,847 57,632 3,758 57,632 1,470 57,632 141,81 60,44 Total Noncurrent Assets 10,440,330 2,081,287 832,371 4,481,443 1,331,815 19,167,2 TOTAL ASSETS 11,274,588 2,537,266 2,948,359 4,519,190 1,451,090 22,730,4 LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities: Due To Other Funds - 78,588 - 78,588 Due To Other Funds 12,154 - 16,197 28,3 Note Payable - Due Within One Year 103,163 - 216,087 - 319,2 Total Current Liabilities 120,460 - 78,588 1,075,873 - 1,274,9 Noncurrent Liabilities 120,460 - 78,588 1,075,873 - 1,274,9 Nonteurrent Liabilities 120,460 - 78,588 1,075,873 - 1,274,9 Note Payable - More Than One Year 92,571 - - 3,315,774 5,040,3						4,224,199	•	
Automobiles and Trucks 2,860 57,632 60,44 Total Noncurrent Assets 10,440,330 2,081,287 832,371 4,481,443 1,331,815 19,167,2 TOTAL ASSETS 11,274,588 2,537,266 2,948,359 4,519,190 1,451,090 22,730,44 LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities: Deposits Payable Due To Other Funds Accrued Interest Payable 12,154 - 16,197 28,3 Note Payable - Due Within One Year 804,583 - 514,33 - 5						•	•	5,463
Total Noncurrent Assets 10,440,330 2,081,287 832,371 4,481,443 1,331,815 19,167,2 TOTAL ASSETS 11,274,588 2,537,266 2,948,359 4,519,190 1,451,090 22,730,44 LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities: Deposits Payable				126, 847		1,470	-	141,887
LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities: 2,948,359 4,519,190 1,451,090 22,730,4 Deposits Payable Due To Other Funds - 78,588 - 78,58 Accrued Interest Payable Note Payable - Due Within One Year Note Payable - More Than Note Pa	-	Automobiles and Trucks	2,860		57,632	-	-	60,492
LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities: Deposits Payable - 78,588 - 78,58 Due To Other Funds - - 843,589 843,58 Accrued Interest Payable 12,154 - - 16,197 28,3 Note Payable - Due Within One Year 5,143 - - - 5,1 Bonds Payable - Due Within One Year 103,163 - - 216,087 - 319,2 Total Current Liabilities 120,460 - 78,588 1,075,873 - 1,274,9 Noncurrent Liabilities: 120,460 - 78,588 1,075,873 - 1,274,9 Noncurrent Liabilities: 120,460 - 78,588 1,075,873 - 1,274,9 Noncurrent Liabilities: 1,22,565 - - 3,315,774 5,040,3 - - 92,57 - - - - 5,040,3 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		Total Noncurrent Assets	10,440,330	2,081,287	832,371	<u>4,481,443</u>	1,331,815	19,167,246
Current Liabilities: 78,588 78,588 78,588 78,588 78,588 78,589 78,586 78,589 78,512 78,589 78,589 78,589 78,589 78,589 78,589 78,589 78,512		TOTAL ASSETS	11,274,588	2,537,266	2,948,359	4, 519, 190	1,451,090	22,730,493
Deposits Payable								
Due To Other Funds					70 500			70 500
Accrued Interest Payable 12,154 - 16,197 - 28,3 Note Payable - Due Within One Year Bonds Payable - Due Within One Year 103,163 - 216,087 - 319,22			-	-	78,566	040 500	-	
Note Payable - Due Within One Year Bonds Payable - Due Within One Year Total Current Liabilities 120,460 78,588 1,075,873 1,274,99			40454	-	- 		-	
Bonds Payable - Due Within One Year 103,163 - 216,087 - 319,2	: '		•		•	10,197	-	
Total Current Liabilities 120,460 78,588 1,075,873 - 1,274,9 Noncurrent Liabilities: Note Payable - More Than One Year Bonds Payable - More Than One Year Compensated Absences 92,571 - - 92,574 - 92,574 - - 92,574 - 5,040,3 - 5,040,3 - 67,1 - 67,1 - 67,1 - 67,1 -				-		016.007	-	
Noncurrent Liabilities: Note Payable - More Than One Year Bonds Payable - More Than One Year Compensated Absences 92,571 3,315,774 - 5,040,3 - 5,040,3 5,040,3		Bonds Payable - Due Within One Year	103,163		·			
Note Payable - More Than One Year Bonds Payable - More Than One Year Compensated Absences 92,571 1,724,565 25,514 - 3,315,774 18,565 - 3,315,774 10,817 - 5,040,3 67,1 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 1,842,650 18,565 12,256 3,326,591 - 5,200,0 TOTAL LIABILITIES 1,963,110 18,565 90,844 4,402,464 - 6,474,9 NET ASSETS: Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Restricted for Bond Reserves 8,388,508 98,880 2,081,287 98,880 832,371 98,880 693,808 98,808 1,331,815 93,908 13,327,7 13,327,7 13,327,7 13,327,7 13,327,7 13,327,7 13,327,7 13,327,7 13,327,7 14,327,7		Total Current Liabilities	120,460	<u> </u>	78,588	_ 1, 075, 873 _		1,274,921
Note Payable - More Than One Year Bonds Payable - More Than One Year Compensated Absences 92,571 1,724,565 25,514 - 3,315,774 18,565 - 3,315,774 10,817 - 5,040,3 67,1 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 1,842,650 18,565 12,256 3,326,591 - 5,200,0 TOTAL LIABILITIES 1,963,110 18,565 90,844 4,402,464 - 6,474,9 NET ASSETS: Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Restricted for Bond Reserves 8,388,508 98,880 2,081,287 98,880 832,371 98,880 693,808 98,808 1,331,815 93,908 13,327,7 13,327,7 13,327,7 13,327,7 13,327,7 13,327,7 13,327,7 13,327,7 13,327,7 14,327,7							,	
Bonds Payable - More Than One Year Compensated Absences 25,514 18,565 12,256 10,817 - 67,1 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 1,842,650 18,565 12,256 3,326,591 - 5,200,0 TOTAL LIABILITIES 1,963,110 18,565 90,844 4,402,464 - 6,474,9 NET ASSETS: Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 8,388,508 2,081,287 832,371 693,808 1,331,815 13,327,7 Restricted for Bond Reserves 98,880 - 237,038 - 335,9 Unrestricted 824,090 437,414 2,025,144 (814,120) 119,275 2,591,8 TOTAL NET ASSETS: 9,311,478 2,518,701 2,857,515 116,726 1,451,090 16,255,5 TOTAL LIABILITIES AND								00.574
Compensated Absences 25,514 18,565 12,256 10,817 67,1 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 1,842,650 18,565 12,256 3,326,591 5,200,0 TOTAL LIABILITIES 1,963,110 18,565 90,844 4,402,464 - 6,474,9 NET ASSETS: Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Reserves 8,388,508 2,081,287 832,371 693,808 1,331,815 13,327,7 Restricted for Bond Reserves 98,880 - 237,038 - 335,9 Unrestricted 824,090 437,414 2,025,144 (814,120) 119,275 2,591,8 TOTAL NET ASSETS 9,311,478 2,518,701 2,857,515 116,726 1,451,090 16,255,5 TOTAL LIABILITIES AND				-	- · · · · -	-	-	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities 1,842,650 18,565 12,256 3,326,591 - 5,200,0 TOTAL LIABILITIES 1,963,110 18,565 90,844 4,402,464 - 6,474,9 NET ASSETS: Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 8,388,508 2,081,287 832,371 693,808 1,331,815 13,327,7 Restricted for Bond Reserves 98,880 - 237,038 - 335,9 Unrestricted 824,090 437,414 2,025,144 (814,120) 119,275 2,591,8 TOTAL NET ASSETS 9,311,478 2,518,701 2,857,515 116,726 1,451,090 16,255,5				•	· · · · · · ·		-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES 1,963,110 18,565 90,844 4,402,464 - 6,474,9 NET ASSETS: Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 8,388,508 2,081,287 832,371 693,808 1,331,815 13,327,7 Restricted for Bond Reserves 98,880 - 237,038 - 335,9 Unrestricted 824,090 437,414 2,025,144 (814,120) 119,275 2,591,8 TOTAL NET ASSETS 9,311,478 2,518,701 2,857,515 116,726 1,451,090 16,255,5		Compensated Absences	25,514	18,565	12,256	10,817	-	67,152
NET ASSETS: Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 8,388,508 2,081,287 832,371 693,808 1,331,815 13,327,7 Restricted for Bond Reserves 98,880 237,038 237,038 119,275 335,9 Unrestricted 824,090 437,414 2,025,144 (814,120) 119,275 2,591,8 TOTAL NET ASSETS 9,311,478 2,518,701 2,857,515 116,726 1,451,090 16,255,5 TOTAL LIABILITIES AND		Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,842,650	18,565	12,256	3,326,591		5,200,062
Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Restricted for Bond Reserves 8,388,508 98,880		TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,963,110	<u> 18,56</u> 5	90,844	4,402,464		6,474,983
Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Restricted for Bond Reserves 8,388,508 98,880		NET ACCETS.						
Restricted for Bond Reserves 98,880 824,090 - 237,038 (814,120) 335,9 2,591,8 TOTAL NET ASSETS 9,311,478 2,518,701 2,857,515 116,726 1,451,090 16,255,5 TOTAL LIABILITIES AND			0 300 EU0	2 081 227	. ggg 971	ยดีว ชับช	1 331 815	13 327 789
Unrestricted 824,090 437,414 2,025,144 (814,120) 119,275 2,591,8 TOTAL NET ASSETS 9,311,478 2,518,701 2,857,515 116,726 1,451,090 16,255,5 TOTAL LIABILITIES AND				2,001,20/	002,37		- 1,001,010	335,918
TOTAL NET ASSETS 9,311,478 2,518,701 2,857,515 116,726 1,451,090 16,255,5 TOTAL LIABILITIES AND				- 427 44 4	2 025 144		110 275	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND	٠.	Unrestricted	024,090	437,414	Z,UZJ, 144	(014,120)	110,210	£,001,000
	i	TOTAL NET ASSETS	9,311,478	2,518,701	2,857,515	116,726	1,451,090	16,255,510
		TOTAL LIABILITIES AND						
			11,274,588	2,537,266	2,948,359	4, 519, 190	1,451,090	22,730,493

BLANDING CITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

June 30, 2006

	144-4	0	Clastria	Natural Gas	Nonmajor	
	Water	Sewer	Electric Fund	Fund	Funds	Total
	Fund	<u>Fund</u>	<u> </u>		1 41140	
Operating Revenues:						
Charges for Sales and Services:	400.054		_	_	_	483,954
Water	483,954	045 506	_	_	_	245,506
Sewer	-	245,506	1 707 020		_	1,787,929
Electric	-	-	1,787,929	1,095,712	_	1,095,712
Natural Gas	-	-	-	1,035,712	145,969	145,969
Sanitation	-	- 0.475	-	12,105	140,000	43,812
Connection Fees	5,888	3,475	22,344	•	<u>-</u>	16,524
Other	50_	4,914	11,490	70		10,524
Total Operating Revenues	489,892	253,895	1,821,763	1,107,887	145,969	3,819,406
Operating Expenses:						
Salaries	108,006	98,010	112,779	56,786	4,832	380,413
Fringe Benefits	46,703	48,194	45,586	27,334	497	168,314
Power and Gas Purchases	-	-	992,050	662,899	-	1,654,949
Materials and Supplies	41,987	3,891	191,382	16,160	113	253,533
Administrative Fees	21,540	6,900	79,500	24,600	5,460	138,000
Utilities	12,801	1,611	4,635	552	57	19,656
Insurance	3,992	3,500	29,894	7,965	-	45, 35 1
Water Assessments	21,524	-	-	<u>.</u>	-	21,524
Professional and Technical	26,489	8,525	34,669	4,978	121,950	196,611
	20,409 3,656	1,002	24,757	9,980	1,326	40,721
Other	295,346	58,834	90,055	109,138	590	553,963
Depreciation	293,340	30,004				
Total Operating Expenses	582,044	230,467	1,605,307	920,392	134,825	3,473,035
Operating Income	(92,152)	23,428	216,456	187,495	11,144	346,371
Nonoperating Revenues (Expens	ses):					
Interest Expense	(51,536)	-	-	(163,194)	-	(214,730)
Impact Fees	6,000	3,000	-	-	-	9,000
Sale of Air Quality Credits	•	-	98,129	-	-	98,129
Interest Earned	27,685	7,678	17,847	15,318	-	68,5 28
Federal Grants	90,000	169,003	52,805	•	<u> </u>	311,808
r ederal Chams						
Total Nonoperating						
Revenues (Expenses)	72,149_	179,681	168,781	(147,876)		272,735
nevenues (Expenses)	72,110					
Change in Net Assets	(20,003)	203,109	385,237	39,619	11,144	619,106
Total Net Assets - Beginning	9,331,481	2,315,592	2,472,278	77,107	1,439,946	15,636,404
Total Net Assets - Ending	9,311,478	2,518,701	2,857,515	116,726	1,451,090	16,255,510
•						

BLANDING CITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2006

	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Electric Fund	Natural Gas Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:						iotai
Receipts From Customers	481,079	250,974	1,821,019	1,119,492	145,464	3,818,028
Payments to Suppliers	(2 82,1 88)	(70,747)	(1,400,298)	(755,846)	(129,403)	(2,638,482)
Payments to Employees	(108,006)	(98,010)	(112,779)	(56,786)	_ (4,832)	(380,413)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	90,885	82,217	307,942	306,860	11,229	799,133
Cash Flows from Noncapital	·					
Financing Activities:						
Due to (From) Other Funds	v	_	(46,325)	46 205		
Decrease in Other Assets	-	•	(40,323)	46,325 1,356	-	- 1 256
				1,000		1,356
Net Cash Provided (Used) by						
Noncapital Financing Activities			(46,325)	47,681	-	1,356
Cach Flows From Canital and						
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:						
Capital Grants	90,000	160.000	FO 005			
Impact Fees	6,000	169,003	52, 805	-	-	311,808
UAMPS - Sale of Air Quality Credits	0,000	3,000		-	-	9,000
Payment on Note Receivable	2 500	-	98,129	-	-	98,129
Fixed Asset Additions	2,500	- (4 70 54 4)	(70 407)	-	-	2,500
Interest Payment on Long-Term Debt	(40,260)	(172,514)	(79 ,195)	-	-	(291, 96 9)
Principal Payment on Long-Term Debt	(51,536)	-	-	(163,194)	-	(214,730)
Timolpan ayment on Long-Term Debt	(106,158)			(2 06, 667)		(312,825)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital						
and Related Financing Activities	_ (99,454)	(511)	71,739	(260 961)		(000 007)
			71,709	(369,861)		(398,087)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:						
Interest Earned on Investments	27,683	7,679	17,846	15,320	_	68,528
			17,010	10,020		00,028
Increase (Decrease) Cash and Cash Equivalents	19,114	89,385	351,202	-	11,229	470,930
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning	845,773	346,332	784,853	237,038	96,587	2,310,583
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	964.007	405.747	1 100 055			
Outsit and Outsit Equivalents - Ending	864,887	435,717	1,1 36, 055	237,038	107,816	2,781,513
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities:				·		
Operating Income	(92,152)	22 400	016 456	107 405	44 444	040.074
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income	(92,102)	<u>23,428</u>	<u>216,456</u>	<u> 187,495</u>	11,144	346,371
To Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities:	•					
Depreciation	29 5,346	E0 004	00.055	100 100		
Increase (Decrease) in Operating Assets:	295,340	58,83 4	90,055	109,138	59 0	553, 963
Accounts Receivable	(8,813)	(2,921)	/744\	14.005	/F05\	/4 4-5
Accrued Liabilities	(101,991)	• •	(744)	11,605	(50 5)	(1,378)
Compensated Absences		-	2,978	(3,444)	-	(102,457)
Domponoutou / Doctioes	(1,505)	<u>2,876</u>	<u>(803)</u>	2,066		2,634
Total Adjustments	183,037	58, 789	91,486	119,365	8 5	452,762
Net Cash Provided (Used) by						
Operating Activities	90,885	82, 217	307,942	306,860	11,229	799,133
						, 00,100

BLANDING CITY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2006

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF HISTORY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Blanding City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

The accompanying basic financial statements present the financial position of various fund types and the results of operations of the various fund types. The basic financial statements are presented for the year ended June 30, 2006.

The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Reporting Entity

Blanding City is a municipal corporation in San Juan County, Utah. It is governed by an elected mayor and five member council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements are of the primary government, Blanding City, the reporting entity. The City has no component units.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., statement of net assets and statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

June 30, 2006

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF HISTORY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED) C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting as are the proprietary fund and the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, Blanding City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenues items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The utility funds accounts for the activities of the City water, sewer, electric, natural gas and solid waste operations. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the utility funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

June 30, 2006

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF HISTORY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

Deposits and Investments:

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U. S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Investments for the government, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

Capital Assets:

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

June 30, 2006

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF HISTORY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Water System:	40 - 75 Years
Buildings	40 - 57 Years
Machinery and Equipment	10 - 15 Years
Furniture and Fixtures	10 - 20 Years
Vehicles	5 - 10 Years

Long-Term Obligations:

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net assets.

In the fund financial statement, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, if any, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Equity:

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designation of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

E. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

F. Property Taxes:

Property taxes are assessed and collected for the City by San Juan County and remitted to the City shortly after collection. Property taxes become a lien on January 1 and are levied on the first Monday in August. Taxes are due and payable on November 1, and are delinquent after November 30. All dates are in the year of levy.

June 30, 2006

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

G. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

Annual budgets are prepared and adopted by ordinance by total for each department, in accordance with State law, by the Mayor and City council on or before June 22 for the following Fiscal year beginning July 1. Estimated revenues and appropriations may be increased or decreased by resolution of the City Council at any time during the year. A public hearing must be held prior to any proposed increase in a fund's appropriations. Budgets include activities in the General Fund. The level of the City's budgetary control (the level at which the Town's expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations) is established at the department level. Each department head is responsible for operating within the budget for their department. All annual budgets lapse at fiscal year end.

Utah State law prohibits the appropriation of unreserved General Fund balance to an amount less than 5% of the General Fund revenues. The 5% reserve that cannot be budgeted is used to provide working capital until tax revenue is received, to meet emergency expenditures, and to cover unanticipated deficits. Any unreserved General Fund balance greater than 18% of the next year's budgeted revenues must be appropriated within the following two years.

Once adopted, the budget may be amended by the City council without hearing provided the budgeted expenditures do not exceed budgeted revenues and appropriated fund balance. A public hearing must be held if the budgeted expenditures will exceed budgeted revenues and any fund balance which is available for budgeting. With the consent of the Mayor, department heads may reallocate unexpended appropriated balances from one expenditure account to another within that department during the budget year. Budgets for the General Fund are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Encumbrances are not used.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as "Cash and Cash Equivalents".

Deposits:

At year end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$218,287 and the bank balances were \$243,156. Of the bank balance, \$100,000 was covered by federal depository insurance. Utah State statutes do not require deposits to be collateralized, however, financial institutions must be approved by the State Money Management Council. Cash on hand amounted to \$1,250.

June 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2006, consist of the following:

	<u>Fair Value</u>
Cash On Hand	1,250
Demand Deposits	218,287
Investments - PTIF	4,738,013
Total Cash and Investments	4,957,550

Cash and investments listed above are classified in the accompanying government-wide statement of net assets as follows:

Governmental Activities - Unrestricted	1,001,037
Governmental Activities - Restricted	1,175,000
Business-Type Activities - Unrestricted	2,445,595
Business-Type Activities - Restricted	335,918
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	4,957,550

The Utah Money Management Act (UMMA) established specific requirements regarding deposits of public funds by public treasurers. UMMA requires that City funds be deposited with a qualified depository which includes any depository institution which has been certified by the Utah State Commissioner of Financial Institutions as having met the requirements specified in UMMA Section 51, Chapter 7. UMMA provides the formula for determining the amount of public funds which a qualified depository may hold in order to minimize risk of loss and also defines capital requirements which an Institution must maintain to be eligible to accept public funds. UMMA lists the criteria for investments and specifies the assets which are eligible to be invested in, and for some investments, the amount of time to maturity.

UMMA enables the State Treasurer to operate the Public Treasurer's Investment Pool (PTIF). PTIF is managed by the Utah State Treasurer's investment staff and comes under the regulatory authority of the Utah Money Management Council. This council is comprised of a select group of financial professionals from units of local and state government and financial institutions doing business in the state. PTIF operations and portfolio composition is monitored at least semi-annually by Utah Money Management Council. PTIF is unrated by any nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

PTIF operations and portfolio composition is monitored at least semi-annually by Utah Money Management Council. PTIF is unrated by any nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. Deposits in PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah. Participants share proportionally in any realized gains or losses on investments which are recorded an amortized cost basis. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by PTIF. The fair value of the investment pool is approximately equal to the value of the pool shares.

June 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Deposits in PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah. Participants share proportionally in any realized gains or losses on investments which are recorded an amortized cost basis. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by PTIF. The fair value of the investment pool is approximately equal to the value of the pool shares.

Deposits and investments for local government are governed by the Utah Money Management Act (Utah Code Annotated, Title 51, Chapter 7, "the Act") and by rules of the Utah Management Council ("the Council"). Following are discussions of the local government's exposure to various risks related to its cash management activities.

Custodial Credit Risk:

Deposits - Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the local government's deposits may not be recovered. The local government's policy for managing custodial credit risk is to adhere to the Money Management Act. The Act requires all deposits of the local government to be in a qualified depository, defined as any financial institution whose deposits are insured by an agency of the federal government and which has been certified by the Commissioner of Financial Institutions as meeting the requirements of the Act and adhering to the rules of the Utah Money Management Council. As of June 30, 2006, \$143,156 of the local government's bank balances of \$243,156 were uninsured and uncollateralized.

Credit Risk:

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty of an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The local government's policy for limiting the credit risk of investments is to comply with the Money Management Act.

The local government is authorized to invest in the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund (PTIF), an external pooled investment fund managed by the Utah State Treasurer and subject to the Act and Council requirements. The PTIF is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, and deposits in the PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah. The PTIF operates and reports to participants on an amortized cost basis. The income, gains and losses, net of administration fees, of the PTIF are allocated based upon the participants' average daily balances.

For the year ended June 30, 2006, the local governments has investments of \$4,738,013 with the PTIF. The entire balance had a maturity less than one year. The PTIF pool has not been rated.

Interest Rate Risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The local government manages its exposure to declines in fair value by investments mainly in the PTIF and by adhering to the Money Management Act. The act requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments may not exceed the period of availability of the funds to be invested.

June 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) Concentration of Credit Risk:

Concentration of credit risk the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments. in a single issuer. PTIF falls under the constraints of UMMA in limiting concentrations of investments.

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, was as follows:

and the second s	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities: Capital Assets Not Being		- ridding:	Bolottono	Datarioo
Depreciated: Land	806,779	-	_	806,779
				000,773
Total Capital Assets Not				
Being Depreciated	806,779	-	-	806,779
Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated:				
Buildings	560,144	•	-	560,144
Improvements	5 ,468 ,177	100,750	-	5,5 68 ,927
Equipment	927,555	26,883	-	954,438
Infrastructure	3,632,893		-	3,632,893
Total Capital Assets				
Being Depreciated	10,588,769	127,633	. <u></u>	10,716,402
Less Accumulated				
Depreciation For:				
Buildings	237,072	18,095	_	255,167
Improvements	1,553,851	175,817	-	1,729,668
Equipment	543,084	93,167	-	636,251
Infrastructure	967,619	105,476	_	1,073,095
•				.,0.0,000
Total Accumulated				
Depreciation	3,301,626	392,555		3,694,181
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated (Net)	7,287,143	(264 022)	_	7 022 221
Sopioolated (146t)		(264,922)		7,022,221
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	8,093,922	(264,922)	· 	7,829,000

June 30, 2006

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Business Type Activities:		-		
Capital Assets Not Being				
Depreciated:				
Land	5 36, 049	-	-	536,04 9
Water Stock	1,657,305	-		1,657,305
Total Capital Assets Not				
Being Depreciated	2,193,354	-	-	2,193,354
Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated:				
Buildings	1,777,115	-	-	1,777,115
Utility Systems	21,573,850	270,438	-	21,844,288
Equipment	929,251	21,532	<u>-</u>	950,783
Total Capital Assets				
Being Depreciated	24,280,216	291,970		24,572,186
Less Accumulated				
Depreciation For:				
Buildings	322,435	7,173	-	329,608
Utility Systems	6,399,817	491,723	-	6,891,540
Equipment	704,233	<u>55,067</u>		759,300
Total Accumulated				
Depreciation	7,426,485	<u>553,963</u>		7,980,448
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated (Net)	16,853,731	(261,993)	-	16,591,738
Business Type Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	19,047,085	(261,993)	-	18,785,092
Total Assets - Government Wide	27,141,007	(526,915)	•	26,614,092

June 30, 2006

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the Primary Government as follows:

			vernmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total
General Government			15,977	. -	15,977
Public Safety			75,304	-	75,304
Public Health			-	553,963	553,963
Highways and Public Improvements			119,607	-	119,607
Parks and Recreation		٠.	45,933	-	45,933
Airport			135,734		135,734
Total Depreciation Expense	·	· <u></u>	392,555	553,963	946,518

NOTE 4 - NATURAL GAS SYSTEM

The number of properties connected to the natural gas system at June 30, 2006, was 755. The number of unconnected homes within the City limits was 217 and the number of applications for natural gas service on hand was 0.

Because of the volatility of the natural gas markets and country wide energy crisis, the Blanding City Council passed a resolution approving rate adjustments to match the changing markets to maintain a mark-up of \$5.00 per decatherm over City costs. The rate at the end of the year was \$1.18 per therm.

NOTE 5 - LONG TERM DEBT Utility Systems:

Water System:

Water Revenue Bonds constitute special obligations of the City, solely secured by a lien on and pledge of the net revenues of the water system. The revenue bonds are collateralized by the revenue of the water system and various special funds established by the bond ordinances. The ordinances provide that the revenue of the system is to be used first to pay operating and maintenance expenses of the system and second to establish and maintain the revenue bond funds. Any remaining revenues may then be used for any lawful purpose. The ordinances also contain certain provisions which require the City to maintain pledged revenues, as defined in the ordinances, for each year of at least 1.25 times the average annual debt service requirements. For fiscal year 2005 the "pledged revenues" were 1.48 times the average annual debt service. Therefore, the City was in compliance with this covenant. The ordinances also contain provisions which, along with other items, restrict the issuance of additional revenue bonds unless the sinking reserve funds contain the required amounts and the pledged revenues are equal or greater than 1.25 times the average annual debt service requirements after giving effect to the issuance of the proposed additional bonds.

June 30, 2006

NOTE 5 - LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

1983 San Juan Water Conservancy District Agreement:

During December of 1983, the City entered into an agreement with the San Juan Water Conservancy District for the perpetual right to 500 acre feet of District water per water year from the Recapture Dam Project. The terms of the agreement require payment of \$20,000 per year from the City with no interest. The balance at year end was \$380,000.

The following is a summary of debt service charges to maturity:

Principal	Interest	Total
20,000	-	20,000
20,000	-	20,000
20,000	-	20,000
20,000	-	20,000
20,000	-	20,000
100,000	-	100,000
100,000	-	100,000
80,000		80,000
380,000	-	380,000
	20,000 20,000 20,000 20,000 20,000 100,000 100,000 80,000	20,000 - 20,000 - 20,000 - 20,000 - 20,000 - 100,000 - 100,000 - 80,000 -

1997 Contract with San Juan Water Conservancy District:

During fiscal year 1997, the City entered into a long-term contract in the amount of \$144,000, in connection with the purchase of 300 acre feet of water from the San Juan County Conservancy District. The contract is non-interest bearing and is payable in 28 annual installments of \$5,143. The contract matures in 2025. The balance at year end was \$97,714.

The following is a summary of debt service charges to maturity:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2006-2007	5,143	-	5,143
2007-2008	5,143	-	5,143
2008-2009	5,143	-	5,143
2009-2010	5,143	-	5,143
2010-2011	5,143	-	5,143
2012-2016	25,715	-	25,715
2017-2021	25,715	•	25,715
2022-2026	20,569		20,569
Total	97,714	-	97,714

June 30, 2006

NOTE 5 - LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED) 1985 Community Impact Board Bonds:

4. 12. 5

During June of 1985, the City issued Water Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$500,000 for the purpose of the construction of an earth fill dam and water transmission line. The bonds require yearly payments of \$30,696 with interest at 4.5%. The balance at year end was \$223,865.

The following is a summary of debt service charges to maturity:

2.5	Principal	Interest	Total
2006-2007	20,655	10 ,04 1	30,696
2007-2008	21,585	9,111	3 0,69 6
2008-2009	22,556	8,140	30,696
2009-2010	23,571	7,125	30,696
2010-2011	24,632	6 ,06 4	30,696
2012-2016	110,866	12,661	123,527
Total	223,865	53,142	277,007

1990 Community Impact Board Bonds:

During December of 1990, the City issued Water Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$628,000 for the purpose of paying part of the cost of acquiring and constructing improvements, additions and extensions to the City's water system. The bonds require annual payments from \$37,530 to \$38,600 with interest of 3.5%. The balance at year end was \$317,000.

The following is a summary of debt service charges to maturity:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2006-2007	27,000	11 ,06 0	38,060
2007-2008	28,000	10,115	38,115
2008-2009	29,000	9 ,13 5	38,135
2009-2010	30,000	8,120	38,120
2010-2011	31,000	7 ,07 0	38,070
2012-2016	172,000	18,552	190,552
Total	317,000	64,052	381,052

June 30, 2006

NOTE 5 - LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

1995 Community Impact Board Bonds:

During January of 1995, the City issued Irrigation Water Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$50,000 for the purpose of construction improvements to the City's irrigation system. The bonds require annual payments of \$2,500 with no interest. The balance at year end was \$27,500.

The following is a summary of debt service charges to maturity:

	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total
2006-2007	2,500	-	2,500
2007-2008	2,500	-	2,500
2008-2009	2,500	-	2,500
2009-2010	2,500	-	2,500
2010-2011	2,500	-	2,500
2012-2016	12,500	-	12,500
2017-2021	2,500		2,500
			
Total	27,500	-	27,500

1990 Department of Health Bonds:

During December of 1990, the City issued Water Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$400,000 for the purpose of paying part of the cost of acquiring and constructing improvements, additions, and extensions to the City's water system. The bonds require annual payments from \$37,520 to \$38,600 with interest of 3.5%. The balance at year end was \$201,000.

The following is a summary of debt service charges to maturity:

	Principal	Interest	Total
			
2006-2007	17,000	7,035	24,035
2007-2008	18,000	6,440	24,440
2008-2009	18,000	5,810	23,810
2009-2010	19,000	5,180	24,180
2010-2011	20, 000	4,420	24,420
2012-2016	109,000	13,280	122,280
Total	201,000	42,165	243,165

June 30, 2006

NOTE 5 - LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED) 1999 Drinking Water Board Bonds:

During July of 1999, the City issued Water Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$200,000 for the purpose of construction of a two (2) million gallon water tank and distribution lines. The bonds require yearly payments of \$10,000 for twenty (20) years with interest at the rate of .33%. The balance at year end was \$140,000.

The following is a summary of debt service charges to maturity:

	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Total
2006-2007	10.000		40.400
	10,000	462	10,462
2007-2008	10,000	429	10,429
2008-2009	10,000	396	10,396
2009-2010	10,000	363	10,363
2010-2011	10,000	330	10,330
2012-2016	50,000	1,155	51,155
2017-2021	40,000	330_	40,330
Total	140,000	<u>3,465</u>	143,465

2002 Rural Development Bonds:

During:2002, the City issued Water Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$555,000 for the purpose of the reconstruction of the Blanding Fourth Raw Water Storage Reservoir. The bonds require annual payments of \$30,240 with interest at 4.5%. The balance at year end was \$538,363.

The following is a summary of debt service charges for the Rural Development loan:

	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total
2006-2007	6,008	24,232	30,240
2007-2008	6,279	23,961	30,240
2008-2009	6,561	23,679	30,240
2009-2010	6,856	23,384	30,240
2010-2011	7,165	23,075	30,240
2012-2016	40,961	110,239	151,200
2017-2021	51,045	100,155	151,200
2022-2026	63,612	87,588	151,200
2027/2031	79,272	71,928	151,200
2032/2036	98, 786	52,414	151,200
2037/2041	123,106	28,094	151,200
2042/2046	48,712	2,197	50,909
	538,363	570,946	1,109,309

June 30, 2006

NOTE 5 - LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of total debt service charges for the water system:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2006-2007	108,306	52, 829	161,135
2007-2008	110,507	50, 056	160,563
2008-2009	113,760	47,160	160,920
2009-2010	116,070	44,172	160,242
2010-2011	119,440	40,959	160,399
2012-2016	618,042	322,856	940,898
2017-2021	225,260	100,484	325,744
2022-2026	164,181	87,5 88	251,769
2027/2031	79,272	71,928	151,200
2032/2036	98,786	52,414	151,200
2037/2041	123,106	28,094	151,200
2042/2046	48,712	2,197	50,909
			
	1,925,442	900,737	2,826,179

Natural Gas System:

Natural Gas Revenue Bonds, Series 1994 and 1995:

During the year ending June 30, 1995, the City issued a \$3,390,000 revenue bond to cover costs incurred on the construction of a natural gas system. The bond, dated March 15, 1995, and maturing March 15, 2020, carries an annual interest rate of 5% and requires three hundred (300) monthly installments of \$19,382. The balance at year end was \$2,359,459.

The following is a summary of debt service charges for the Series 1994 Revenue Bonds:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2006-2007	122,800	115,184	237,984
2007-2008	129,082	108,902	237,984
2008-2009	135,686	102,297	237,983
2009-2010	142,628	95, 356	237,984
2010-2011	149,926	88,058	237,984
2012-2016	872,840	317,080	1,189,920
2017-2021	806,497	79,032	885,529
Total	2,359,459	905,909	3,265,368

June 30, 2006

NOTE 5 - LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

During the year ending June 30, 1996, the City issued a \$295,000 revenue bond to cover costs incurred on the construction of a natural gas system. The bond, dated November 8, 1995, and maturing November 27, 2020, carries an annual interest rate of 4.5% and requires three hundred (300) monthly installments of \$1,641. The balance at year end was \$208,402.

The following is a summary of debt service charges for the Series 1995 Revenue Bonds:

1.17	Principal	Interest	Total
			•
2006-2007	10,287	9, 40 5	19,69 2
2007-2008	10,750	8, 942	19,692
2008-2009	11,234	8 ,458	19,692
2009-2010	11,740	7,952	19,692
2010-2011	12,268	7,424	19,692
2012-2016	70,135	28 ,32 5	98,460
2017-2021	81,988	10,420	92,408
Total	208,402	80,926	289,328

Zions Bank General Obligation Refunding Bonds:

During the current year Blanding City did an advance refunding of Kemper Bonds in the Natural Gas Fund with Zions Bank at no additional cost to the City. The amount refunded was \$1,120,000. The bonds require yearly payments with interest at 2.25%-3.9%. The total amount owed on the old debt service bonds was \$1,150,000. The City paid the remaining \$30,000 on July 15, 2003. The difference in debt service charges to maturity between the old and new bonds amounted to \$147,974. The actual economic gain based on present values amounted to \$127,627.

The following is a summary of debt service charges to maturity for the Refunding Bonds:

	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total
2006-2007	83,000	33 ,28 4	116,284
2007-2008	86,000	30, 706	116,706
2008-2009	90,000	27,888	117,888
2009-2010	88,000	24,907	112,907
2010-2011	86, 000	21, 86 3	107,863
2012-2016	531,000	35,994	566,994
Total	964,000	<u> 174,642</u>	1,138,642

June 30, 2006

NOTE 5 - LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of total debt service charges to maturity for Natural Gas:

	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total
2006-2007	216,087	124,588	340,675
2007-2008	225,832	117,844	343,676
2008-2009	236,920	110,755	347,675
2009-2010	242,368	103,308	345,676
2010-2011	248,194	95,4 82	343,676
2012-2016	1,473,975	345,405	1,819,380
2017-2021	888,485	89,452	977,937
	3,531,861	986,834	4,518,695

The following is a summary of total debt service charges to maturity:

	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total
2006-2007	324,393	177,417	501,810
2007-2008	336,339	167,900	504,239
2008-2009	350,680	157,915	508,595
2009-2010	358,438	147,480	505,918
2010-2011	367,634	136,441	504,075
2012-2016	2,092,017	668,261	2,760,278
2017-2021	1,113,745	189,936	1,303,681
2022-2026	164,181	87,5 88	251,769
2027/2031	79,272	71,928	151,200
2032/2036	98,786	52,414	151,200
2037/2041	123,106	28,094	151,200
2042/2046	48,712	2,197	50,909
	<u>5,457,303</u>	1, 8 87,5 71 _	7,344,874

June 30, 2006

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The following is a schedule of changes in utility bonds payable at June 30, 2006:

	Outstanding	June 30, 2006		380,000	97.714	223,865	317,000	27,500	201,000	140,000	538,363	1,925,442	0 050 450	208,439	964,000	3,531,861	5,457,303
Current Year Changes		Matured		20.000	-5,143	19,765	26,000	2,500	17,000	10,000	5,750	106,158	44 6000	9.844	80,000	206,667	312,825
Current Ye		penss		,	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	•	•	•	•	1	1			•	1	
	Outstanding	June 30, 2005		400,000	102,857	243,630	343,000	30,000	218,000	150,000	544,113	2,031,600	0 476 989	218 246	1,044,000	3,738,528	5,770,128
	Total	Authorized		800,000	144,000	200,000	628,000	20,000	200,000	400,000	555,000	3,277,000	3 300 000	295,000	1,120,000	4,805,000	8,082,000
	Interest	Rate		%0.0	%0.0	4.5%	3.5%	%0.0	3.5%	3.5%	4.5%		بر %0	4.5%	2.25% - 3.9%		
	Date of	lssue	.*.	1983	1997	1985	1990	1995	1999	1990	2002		1994	1995	2003		
		Bond Issue:	Water:	SJWCD Bond	SJWCD Contract	CIB Bond	CIB Bond	CIB Bond	DWB Bond	DOH Bond	Rural Development	Total Water System	Natural Gas: FmHA Bond	FmHA Bond	Zions Refunding G. O. Bonds	Total Natural Gas System	Total Bond Issues

June 30, 2006

NOTE 6 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences of Blanding City in the proprietary fund and the general long-term debt account group represent accrued vacation at year end in the amount of \$144,390.

The following is a schedule of changes in compensated absences:

	Balance <u>June 30, 200</u> 5	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2006
Governmental	72,3 05	4,933	-	77,238
Proprietary Fund	64,518	2,634		67,152
Compensated Absences	136,823	7,567		144,390

NOTE 7 - CLASS C ROADS

The following schedule outlines the transactions in the Class C Road account for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006:

Balance - Beginning of Year

Receipts:

Class C Road Allotment

98,844

Disbursements:

Class C Road Expenditures

(98,844)

Balance - End of Year

NOTE 8 - IMPACT FEE ORDINANCE

On June 27, 2001, the Blanding City Council passed ordinance #2001-5 enacting impact fees for municipal water and sewer connections as required by the Utah Impact Fees Act.

Water impact fees for residential and commercial uses will be calculated based upon meter size and an equivalent residential unit (ERU) basis.

The following applies to residential and commercial water impact fees:

Meter Size Inches	ERU Capacity	Impact Fee	
3/4	1	600	
1	3.7	1,300	
1 1/2	11	3,500	
2	22.9	5,500	

June 30, 2006

NOTE 8 - IMPACT FEE ORDINANCE (CONTINUED)

Impact fees for meter sizes different than those specified will be calculated by the City Engineer based on ERU Capacity.

Sewer impact fees will be calculated per ERU. Residential and commercial sewer impact fees will be calculated at \$250 per ERU.

The City is required to place these impact fees into a separate interest bearing account and may expend these funds only on capital improvements, retiring debt for the system or other expenditures as allowed by law. There was \$6,000 collected during the current fiscal year for water and \$3,000 collected for sewer. These funds were all expended for appropriate purposes during the year.

These funds must be expended within six years from receipt or the funds must be returned with interest to the payer.

NOTE 9 - STATE RETIREMENT PLANS Local Governmental - Cost Sharing:

Plan Description:

Blanding City contributes to the Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, the Public Safety Other Division A Contributory Retirement System and the Public Safety Other Division A Noncontributory Retirement System for employers with Social Security coverage all of which are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Utah Retirement Systems (Systems). Utah Retirement Systems provide retirement benefits, annual cost of living allowances, death benefits and refunds to plan members and beneficiaries in accordance with retirement statutes.

The Systems are established and governed by the respective sections of Chapter 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1953 as amended. The Utah State Retirement Act in Chapter 49 provides for the administration of the Utah Retirement Systems and plans under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board (Board) whose members are appointed by the Governor. The Systems issue a publicly available financial report that included financial statements and required supplementary information for the State and School Contributory Retirement System and State and School Noncontributory Retirement System. A copy of the report may be obtained by writing to the Utah Retirement Systems, 540 East 200 South, Salt Lake City, UT 84102 or by calling 1-800-365-8772.

June 30, 2006

NOTE 9 - STATE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED) Funding Policy:

Plan members are required to contribute a percent of their covered salary (all or part may be paid by the employer) to the system to which they belong; 12.29% to the Public Safety Other Division A Contributory Retirement System. Blanding City is required to contribute a percent of covered salary to the respective systems; 11.09% to the Noncontributory, 7.95% to the Public Safety Other Division A Contributory Systems and 19.34% to the Public Safety Other Division A Noncontributory Systems. The contribution rates are the actuarially determined rates and are approved by the Board as authorized by Chapter 49.

Blanding City contributions to the various systems for the years ending June 30, 2006, 2005 and 2004 respectively were; for the Noncontributory System, \$52,485.99, \$53,140.11 and \$46,281.98, for the Public Safety Other Division A Contributory System, \$15,451.05, \$18,632.65 and \$16,985.10 and for the Public Safety Other Division A Noncontributory System, \$11,691.96, \$9,610.44 and \$7,790.28 respectively. The contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year.

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City participates in the Utah Local Governments Trust. The insurance coverages are written on a group purchase arrangement. All of the insurance coverage is brokered and written through various insurance companies. Utah Local Government Trust acts as broker.

The City's insurance policies in force at June 30, 2006, are as follows:

Type of Policy	Amount of Coverage	Policy No.	Total Name of Company	Expiration Date
General Liability	·2,0 00, 000	TGL-269	Government Trust	06/30/07
Automobile Liability	2,000,000	TGL-269	Government Trust	06/30/07
Uninsured Motorist	65,000	TGL-269	Government Trust	06/30/07
Underinsured Motorist	50,0 00	TGL-269	Government Trust	06/30/07
Airport	1,000,000	GHK0026669-9	0 Government Trust	11/02/06
Property	Replacement	GP06300613	Government Trust	06/30/07
Position Schedule Bonds:	•			
Mayor	140,000	58414629	Western Surety	11/19/06
Recorder	140,000	58414629	Western Surety	11/19/06
City Administrator/Recorder	258,000	58447576	Western Surety	05/13/07
Treasurer	258,000	5 84 475 76	Western Surety	05/13/07
Clerk	29,000	584475 7 6	Western Surety	05/13 / 07
Notary	5,000	N52995777	Western Surety	02/15/08
Notary	5,000		Farmers Insurance	06/15/07
Workers Compensation	Varies	TWC-269	Government Trust	Open

The City has not experienced any significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year nor has it paid any settlements in excess of insurance coverage in the past three fiscal years.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION "UNAUDITED"

BLANDING CITY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

April 18 January 18 Ja		Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget
		Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis) (See Note A)	Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1, 2005	1.A. 1	1,598,531	1,598,531	1,59 8,5 31	
Resources (Inflows): Taxes:					
General Property Taxes		195,000	195,000	192,691	(2,309)
General Sales and Use Taxes	e legal	381,000	•	452,499	71,499
Fee-In-Lieu		37,000	37,000	38,707	1,707
Room Tax		24,000	24,000	19,010	(4,990)
Franchise Taxes	Carlo Carlo	16,000	16,000	17,388	1,388
Total Taxes		653,000	653,000	720,295	67,295
Licenses and Permits	*	17,388	17,388	26,778	9,390
Intergovernmental Revenue:					
Class C Road		140,000	140,000	122,550	(17,450)
State Liquor Allotment		3,800	3,800	3,904	104
Federal Grants	• .	90,455	90,455	72,968	(17 ,48 7)
State Grants	,i * i	152,000	152,000	152,154	154
Contributions from County	** * *	54 1,50 0	541,500	180,741	(360,759)
Other	e et fjert.	<u> </u>	-	30,000	30,000
Total Intergovernmental Rev	enue .	927,755	927,755	562,317	(365,438)
Charges for Services:					
Airport		25,000	25,000	33,557	8,557
Administrative Fees		138,000	138,000	138,000	-
Total Charges for Services	$x_{k} = e^{-\frac{k}{2}}$	163,000	163,000	171,557	8,557
Fines and Forfeitures		92,400	92,400	63,705	(28,695)
Miscellaneous:					
Interest		5 5,2 00	5 5,2 00	108,470	53,270
Recreation Revenue		-	54,150	74,005	19 ,85 5
Miscellaneous		11 8,6 50	64,500	176,683	112,183
Use of Fund Balance		<u>107,005</u>	107,005		(107,005)
Total Miscellaneous Revenu	ie .	280,855	280,855	359,158	78,303
Amounts Available for Appro	priation	3,732,929	3,732,929	3,502,341	(230,588)

BLANDING CITY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	(See Note A)	(Negative)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):				
General Government:				
Legislative	19,885	19,885	18,608	1,277
Judicial	34,530	34,530	32, 822	1,708
Administration	115,3 4 7	120,347	119,421	926
Attorney	17,350	17,350	16,313	1,037
City Engineer	-	24,183	23,268	915
Planning and Zoning	70,407	46,224	45, 33 0	894
Visitors Center	57,733	57,733	57,560	173
Total General Government	315,252	320,252	313,322	6,930
Public Safety:				
Police	487,583	487,583	475, 55 7	12,026
Fire	96,424	81,424	60,612	20,812
Total Public Safety	584,007	569,007	536,169	32,838
Highway and Streets:				
Construction and Maintenance	115,409	125,409	124,678	731
Class C Roads	595,300	595,300	137,083	458,217
Total Highways and Street	710,709	720,709	261,761	458,948
Culture and Recreation:				
Parks	388,260	388,260	348,750	39,510
Miscellaneous:				
Airport	136,170	136,170	106,633	29,537
Total Charges to Appropriations	2,134,398	2,134,398	1,566,635	567,763
Budgetary Fund Balance - June 30, 2006	1,598,531	1,598,531	1,935,706	337,175

BLANDING CITY NOTE A BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE BUDGET-TO-GAAP RECONCILIATION

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	General Fund
Sources/inflows and Resources:	*******
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from	
the budgetary comparison schedules.	3,502,341
Differences - Budget to GAAP:	
The fund balance at the beginning of the year is a budgetary resource	
but is not a current-year revenue for financial reporting purposes.	(1,598,531)
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures	
and changes in fund balances - governmental funds.	<u>1,903,810</u>
Uses/Outflows of Resources:	
Actual amounts (budgetary Basis "total charges to appropriations"	
from the budgetary comparison schedules.	1,566,635
Differences - Budget to GAAP:	
Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but	
are not expenditures for financial reporting pruposes.	
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues,	
expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	<u>1,566,635</u>

COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

BLANDING CITY NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary Funds are used to account for revenues and expenses resulting from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the funds principal ongoing operations.

Solid Waste Fund:

This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures relating to solid waste management in the City

EDA Arts Fund:

This fund accounts for the City's participation in the EDA Arts building on the college campus.

BLANDING CITY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2006

ASSETS	Solid Waste Fund	EDA Arts Fund	Total Nonmajor Funds
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents:			
Unrestricted	107,816	-	107,816
Accounts Receivable - Net	11,459		11,459
Total Current Assets	119,275	-	119,275
Noncurrent Assets:			
Improvements Other Than Buildings	24,200	1,307,615	1,331,815
TOTAL ASSETS	143,475	1,307,615	1,451,090
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS			
Liabilities		-	
Net Assets:			
Invested In Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	24,200	1,307,615	1,331,815
Unrestricted	119,275	, ,	119,275
Total Net Assets	143,475	1,307,615	1,451,090
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	143,475	<u>1,307,615</u>	1,451,090

BLANDING CITY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2006

Operating Revenues:	Solid Waste Fund	EDA Arts Fund	Total Nonmajor Funds
Charges for Services:	•		
Sanitation	145,969	•	145,969
Total Operating Revenues	145,969	-	145,969
Operating Expenses:			
Salaries	4,832	•	4,832
Fringe Benefits	497	-	497
Materials and Supplies	113	-	113
Administrative Fees	5,460	-	5,460
Utilities	57	-	57
Professional and Technical	121,950		121,950
Other	1,326	•	1,326
Depreciation	590_	-	590
Total Operating Expenses	134,825		134,825
Change in Net Assets	11,144	-	11,144
Net Assets - Beginning	132,331	1,307,615	1,439,946
Net Assets - Ending	<u>143,475</u>	1, 307 ,61 5	1,451,090

BLANDING CITY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Solid Waste Fund	EDA Arts Fund	Total Nonmajor Funds
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:			
Receipts From Customers	145,464	-	145,464
Payments to Supplies	(129,403)	•	(129,403)
Payments to Employees	(4,832)		(4,832)
Net Cash Pro0vided by Operating Activities	11,229	<u> </u>	11,229
Increase (Decrease) Cash and Cash Equivalents	11,229	-	11,229
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning	96,587	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	96,587
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	107,816	-	107,816
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities: Operating Income Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income To Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities:	10,544	·	10,544
Depreciation	1,190	<u>-</u>	1,190
Increase (Decrease) in Operating Assets: Accounts Receivable	(505)	-	(505)
Total Adjustments	685	<u> </u>	685
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	11,229	<u> </u>	11,229

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COMPLIANCE SECTION

Kimball & Roberts

Certified Public Accountants
A Professional Corporation
Box 663
Richfield, Utah 84701
Phone 896-6488

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE
AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN
ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and City Council Blanding City Blanding, Utah 84511

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Blanding City as and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise Blanding City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 16, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Blanding City's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Blanding City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Blanding City in a separate letter dated August 16, 2006.

Honorable Mayor and City Council Blanding City Page -2-

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and City Council and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KIMBALL & ROBERTS, P. C. Certified Public Accountants

August 16, 2006 Richfield, Utah

Kimball & Roberts

Certified Public Accountants
A Professional Corporation
Box 663
Richfield, Utah 84701
Phone 896-6488

AUDITOR'S REPORT ON STATE LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Honorable Mayor and City Council Blanding City Blanding, Utah 84511

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Blanding City, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated August 16, 2006. As part of our audit, we have audited Blanding City's compliance with the requirements governing types of services allowed or unallowed; eligibility; matching, level of effort, or earmarking; reporting; special tests and provisions applicable to each of its major State assistance programs as required by the State of Utah's Legal Compliance Audit Guide for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. The City received the following major State assistance programs from the State of Utah:

C Road Funds (Department of Transportation) Liquor Law Enforcement (State Tax Commission) Park Grant (State Parts and Recreation

The City also received the following nonmajor grants, which are not required to be audited for specific compliance requirements: (However, these programs were subject to testwork as part of the audit of Blanding City's financial statements.)

Sidewalk Safety (Department of Transportation)
Visitor Center (Department of Transportation)
Transportation Grant (Department of Transportation
CIB Grant (Department of Community and Economic Development)
Airport Project (Department of Transportation)
Safety Grant (Department of Transportation)

Our audit also included testwork on the City's compliance with those general compliance requirements identified in the Compliance Manual for Audits of Local Governments in Utah including:

Public Debt
Cash Management
Purchasing Requirements
Budgetary Compliance
Property Tax
Other Compliance Requirements

The management of Blanding City is responsible for the City's compliance with all compliance requirements identified above. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance with those requirements based on our audit.

Honorable Mayor and City Council Blanding City Page -2-

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the requirements referred to above occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The results of our audit procedures disclosed immaterial instances of noncompliance with the requirements referred to above, which are described in a separate management letter. We considered these instances of noncompliance in forming our opinion on compliance, which is expressed in the following paragraph.

In our opinion, Blanding City, complied, in all material respects, with the general compliance requirements identified above and the requirements governing types of services allowed or unallowed; eligibility; matching, level of effort, or earmarking; reporting; and special tests and provisions that are applicable to its major State assistance programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

KIMBALL & ROBERTS, P. C. Certified Public Accountants

August 16, 2006 Richfield, Utah BLANDING CITY

MANAGEMENT LETTER

JUNE 30, 2006

Kimball & Roberts

Certified Public Accountants
A Professional Corporation
Box 663
Richfield, Utah 84701
Phone 896-6488

Honorable Mayor and City Council Blanding City Blanding, Utah 84511

During our audit of the funds of Blanding City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, we noted certain areas needing corrective action in order for the City to be in compliance with state laws and regulations. We also noted a circumstance that, if improved, would strengthen the City's accounting system and control over its assets. These items are discussed below for your consideration.

COMPLIANCE:

Fund Balance

Utah Code 10-6-116(4) states that only the "fund balance in excess of 5% of total revenues of the general fund may by utilized for budget purposes." The remaining 5% must be maintained as a minimum fund balance. The maximum in the general fund may not exceed 18% of the total estimated revenue of the general fund (10-6-116(2)).

Finding:

We noted during our audit that the unreserved fund balance in the general fund may be in excess of the 18% of estimated revenues of the general fund by \$357,009 as shown below:

Estimated revenues of the general fund	\$2,242,763 x 18%
Total allowed unreserved fund balance	\$ 403,697
Present Unreserved fund balance	\$ 760,706
Excess over allowed	\$ 357,009

Recommendation:

We recommend that the City maintain the unreserved fund balance within the limits allowed by State Law.

City Response:

The City has established, by ordinance, a capital projects fund. The excess fund balance will be budgeted for and transferred to the capital projects fund for planned capital projects.

<u>Cash Management – Treasurer Bond</u>

Every public treasurer is required to secure a fidelity bond based on the previous year's budgeted gross revenues that includes all funds collected or handled by the public treasurer.

Honorable Mayor and City Council Blanding City Page -2-

Finding:

We noted in our tests for fidelity bond coverage for the treasurer that the present fidelity bond was less than the required amount by \$16,600. However, for the following year the fidelity bond is more than the amount required by \$44,200.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the City review the required coverage each year and maintain the required fidelity bond coverage.

City Response:

The City will review the required coverage annually to ensure compliance each year.

INTERNAL CONTROLS:

Utility Billings

Finding:

During our test of utility billings we noted that an incorrect rate was used for natural gas in one of the categories resulting in an over billing on approximately eight utility accounts. The over billings was not considered to be material to the financial statements.

Recommendation:

We recommend that as rates are changed for utilities tests of the new rates be conducted on each of the categories to ascertain that the appropriate rate is being used.

City Response:

The City will test each customer rate table after input to ensure accuracy each time a rate adjustment is made.

We would like to take this opportunity to thank Blanding City's personnel for the cooperation and assistance given to us during the course of our examination.

Respectfully submitted,

KIMBALL & ROBERTS
Certified Public Accountants

August 16, 2006 Richfield, Utah